

Intermediate outcome measurements

Annex A

Objective	Outcome	Indicator	Intermediate Indicators
1. Inclusive political systems that contribute to legitimate stability <i>(System level)</i>	Existing safe spaces hosting a functional dialogue and/or cooperation platforms	# of relevant issues discussed by political parties in institutionalized dialogue setting (UKR) # of dialogue platforms in place and level of influence on policy formulation (TUN)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - # multi-party encounters about political financing, organised by NIMD (UKR- 2) - # of policies jointly formulated and submitted to Parliament and Government by the ruling and opposition parties taking part in the dialogue platforms -9 (TUN – 2, COL – 2, UKR - 5) - % of key national and international actors in Burundi engaged on activities of NIMD-BLTP and any progress made or challenges faced regarding interparty dialogue (BUR- 98%) - % of key regional African and USA and European HQs advised on the NIMD-BLTP programme to prepare dialogue efforts (BUR-100) - # policy recommendations conveyed by participants to their respective political parties (JOR – 7) - % of participants who regularly work together with other participants on outreach activities (JOR – 17) - # multiparty dialogue platforms – 4 (BUR- 1, TUN- 1, COL - 1, UKR- 1) - # multiparty dialogue meetings -63 (COL- 24, UKR- 3, TUN- 11, BUR – 25,)
	More equitable representation of all groups in society around the policy table	% of women, youth, and minorities that make up membership of the policy dialogue tables (BUR) # of political parties that create or strengthen spaces for the participation of minorities (COL)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - # of action plans by political parties to improve women's participation in their parties (BUR -10) - # of workshops or events organized or supported by NIMD to promote and support the creation and strengthening of spaces for minorities' participation (COL- 14) - # of political parties participating in dialogue platform - 36 (COL- 11, UKR – 7, TUN - 7, BUR – 11)
	Shared agendas for steps towards peace and stability developed	% of political party leaders that sign national agendas for peace and stability (BUR)	
	Concrete proposals for an accepted and equitable political system proposed and accepted	% of political actors that experience an enabling environment in which they are involved in inclusive policy making (UKR)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - # of political parties actively engaged (UKR - 7) - # of participants actively engaged in joint agenda setting / inclusive policy development (JOR – 17)
		% of parties that participate (do not boycott) the next (2020) national assembly elections (BUR)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - # shared statements from community leaders, elected representatives and party representatives on the functioning of democracy at the local level (BUR – 4)
	Extent to which political actors that experience an enabling environment in which they are involved in inclusive policy making (TUN)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - # of interparty dialogue meetings with constructive debate and concrete policy outcomes (TUN- 12) 	
A more open and inclusive political system that contributes to stability	# policies supported by NIMD that make the political system more open and inclusive (COL) # of political parties have introduced or reformed internal party regulations on inclusion of women in decision/making bodies (UKR)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - # of multi-actor meetings held about the changes needed for the improvement of the electoral system and the functioning of political parties (COL- 5) - # of multi-actor meetings held regarding the need for a more open and inclusive political system (JOR – 2) - # of initiative proposed by political parties to improve gender mainstreaming (UKR - 5) - # of meetings attended by political parties to draft policy proposals that make the political system more open and inclusive.(COL – 12) - # of new political movements and organisations that participate in multi-actor dialogue events organised or supported by NIMD (COL – 5) - % of political actors who since the training have increased (amount/intensity) their interaction with Society (TUN- 66%) - % of key political parties that attend regional interparty meetings (BUR – 95,8%) 	

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - # of key issues identified to improve the participation of youth and women in political parties and their interaction with national political leaders (BUR – 12) - # of political parties that draft action plans to improve the inclusion of the underrepresented groups as a result of NIMD workshops (COL- 3) - # of political parties actively engaged in multiactor discussions organized by NIMD (UKR - 7)
2. Legitimate and capable political actors in fragile and conflict-affected settings <i>(Actor level)</i>	Higher recognition and approval ratings of political actors by citizens	% of respondent citizens that express trust in political parties (BUR, TUN, UKR, COL)	
	Improved capacity of political actors in fragile settings to effectively and legitimately participate in political (dialogue) processes.	# and % of political parties with increased scores on the political party capacity-assessment(BUR)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - # political parties with strategic plans developed / updated (Tun- 22) - # of political parties that draft action plans to further strengthen their capabilities as a result of NIMD workshops (Col- 9)
		# and % of political parties that base their political and policy proposals on a distinctive programmatic profile (BUR)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - # of capacity building activities (BUR- 2) - # of capacity building activities held for new political parties (Col- 12) - # of workshops or events organized or supported by NIMD to strengthen political parties' capabilities (Co- 11) - # of political parties trained - 35 (COL- 7, UKR- 7, TUN- 10, BUR- 11)
		# of published political documents (manifestos, statutes, position papers) by political actors based on inputs from a defined support base (TUN, UKR)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - # of political actors who have been trained on the importance of dialogue with civil society/constituency (TUN – 68 / JOR - 109) - % of political actors who since the training have increased (amount/intensity) their interaction with civil society/their constituency (TUN- 66)
		Average capacity index score of political parties' capabilities and responsiveness to the general public (COL)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - # of workshops or events organized or supported by NIMD to strengthen political parties' capabilities (COL - 13) - # political parties with strategic plans developed / updated (TUN- 22)
3. Political practice is based on democratic values <i>(Culture level)</i>	Personal trust between rivals improved	Score of trust in the political leadership of rival parties by different political parties (BUR, UKR)	
	Increased interest in consulting collaborating harmonizing being responsive and a sense of trust and mutual understanding among and between political and civic actors	% of political actors who indicate that they collaborate with other political actors at least x per month (TUN)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increase in % of political actors participating in the Tunisian School of Politics who indicate that they collaborate with other political actors at least 4x per month (TUN 20%)
		Enhanced democratic values of political actors	<p>Extent/% to which democratic values are perceived to be present in encounters between political parties (COL)</p> <p>% of alumni of democracy schools that incorporate the contents of the training in their daily life (COL)</p>

4. Enhanced knowledge and innovation to support inclusive and legitimate politics <i>(Crosscutting)</i>	Improved application of knowledge, tools and methodologies in programme development and implementation	# of country programmes that have incorporated at least 3 newly developed knowledge products, tools or methodologies	- % of recommendations and actions points on the evolvement of relations between political and security elites in Burundi integrated in annual planning for NIMD/BLTP activities 2018 (BUR – 100)
	Increased knowledge of the root causes of destabilisation in fragile settings, and of cross-border-issues and regional dynamics	# of NIMD knowledge products on destabilisation in fragile settings, and of cross-border issues and regional dynamics developed	- Report on the evolvement of relations between political and security elites in context of politico-security crisis in Burundi (y)
	Enriched country programmes	# of country programmes that have incorporated in knowledge, experiences and lessons learned accessed through peer-learning and exchanges	- # of capacity strengthening workshops for NIMD/BLTP staff (BUR- 2)